

NAME

Symbol - manipulate Perl symbols and their names

SYNOPSIS

```
use Symbol;

$sym = gensym;
open($sym, "filename");
$_ = <$sym>;
# etc.

ungensym $sym;          # no effect

# replace *FOO{IO} handle but not $FOO, %FOO, etc.
*FOO = geniosym;

print qualify("x"), "\n";           # "Test::x"
print qualify("x", "FOO"), "\n"     # "FOO::x"
print qualify("BAR::x"), "\n";      # "BAR::x"
print qualify("BAR::x", "FOO"), "\n"; # "BAR::x"
print qualify("STDOUT", "FOO"), "\n"; # "main::STDOUT" (global)
print qualify(\*x), "\n";           # returns \*x
print qualify(\*x, "FOO"), "\n";    # returns \*x

use strict refs;
print { qualify_to_ref $fh } "foo!\n";
$ref = qualify_to_ref $name, $pkg;

use Symbol qw(delete_package);
delete_package('Foo::Bar');
print "deleted\n" unless exists $Foo::{'Bar::'};
```

DESCRIPTION

`Symbol::gensym` creates an anonymous glob and returns a reference to it. Such a glob reference can be used as a file or directory handle.

For backward compatibility with older implementations that didn't support anonymous globs, `Symbol::ungensym` is also provided. But it doesn't do anything.

`Symbol::geniosym` creates an anonymous IO handle. This can be assigned into an existing glob without affecting the non-IO portions of the glob.

`Symbol::qualify` turns unqualified symbol names into qualified variable names (e.g. "myvar" -> "MyPackage::myvar"). If it is given a second parameter, `qualify` uses it as the default package; otherwise, it uses the package of its caller. Regardless, global variable names (e.g. "STDOUT", "ENV", "SIG") are always qualified with "main::".

Qualification applies only to symbol names (strings). References are left unchanged under the assumption that they are glob references, which are qualified by their nature.

`Symbol::qualify_to_ref` is just like `Symbol::qualify` except that it returns a glob ref rather than a symbol name, so you can use the result even if `use strict 'refs'` is in effect.

`Symbol::delete_package` wipes out a whole package namespace. Note this routine is not exported by default--you may want to import it explicitly.

BUGS

`Symbol::delete_package` is a bit too powerful. It undefines every symbol that lives in the specified package. Since perl, for performance reasons, does not perform a symbol table lookup each time a function is called or a global variable is accessed, some code that has already been loaded and that makes use of symbols in package `Foo` may stop working after you delete `Foo`, even if you reload the `Foo` module afterwards.